Kabbalistically, mercy represents the concept of time. Time is defined as the distance between cause and effect; the separation between action and reaction; the space between deed and dividend; the span between a person's behavior and the inevitable repercussion; the divide between crime and consequence. Within this gap, it is hoped that a person becomes enlightened to the senselessness of negative ways, and recognizes the rewards of spiritual growth and positive, unselfish behavior. Time, however, can cause us to mistakenly believe that goodness goes unrewarded, while the wicked go unpunished. Yet time merely creates a delay - a window of opportunity in which our free will can earn us fulfillment, transformation, and recognition of the cause-and-effect principle that is at work in our world. Without time, a person would be instantly punished the moment he sinned. The wicked would be obliterated the moment they transgressed. They would lose the opportunity to change their ways and partake of the endless fulfillment in the World to Come. Mercy [time] is awarded to the wicked on the merit of the righteous who love humanity unconditionally. Awareness and a deeper understanding of mercy and the cause-and-effect principle are aroused within us through the merit of the righteous, whose spiritual power surges through this passage.

Zohar - Vayeshev - Verses 205-207

תַּא חַזי, בְּכָל אֲתַר דְצִדִּיקָיָא אָזְלי, קוּדְשָׁא בְּרִיךָ הוּא נָטיר לון, וְלָא שְׁבִיק לון. דָּוד אֲמר, גּם כִּי אַלךְ בְּגִיא צַלְמָוַת לא אַירַא רַע כִּי אַתָּה עמָדי שׁבָטָך וּמשִׁענְתָך וגו,' בְּכָל אֲתַר דְצַדִיקָיָא אָזְלי, שְׁכינְתָּא אָזְלָא עמָהון, וְלֵא שְׁבִיק לון.

Come and behold, wherever the Righteous go, the Holy One, blessed be He, protects them and never abandons them. As David said, "Even though I walk through the valley of the shadow of death, I will fear no evil: for You are with me; Your rod and Your staff" (Tehilim 23:4). For wherever the righteous go, the Shechinah never leaves them.

יוֹסף אָזל בְּגיא צַלְמָוֶת, וְנָחָתוּ לִיה לְמִצְרִים, שְׁכִינְתָא הַוּת עִמִיה, הה"ד, וְיָהִי ה' אֶת יוֹסף, וּבְגין דַהָוּת עִמִיה שְׁכִינְתָּא, בְּכָל מה דַּהָוָה עָבִיד, הַוָּה מִצְלח בִּידִיה. דַּאֲפִילוּ מאי דַהָוָה בִּידִיה, וַהָוָה תָּבע לִיה מָארֵיה בְּגוּוְנָא אָחָרָא, הָוָה מִתְהַפְּרְ בִידִיה, לְהַהוּא גּוְוּנָא דְרְעוּתָא דַמָארֵיה הָוָה רָעִי בִיה, כד"א וַיִּרְא אָדוֹנָיו כִּי ה' אַתּו וְכָל אַשׁר הוּא עושה ה' מַצְלים בְּיֵדוֹ, מַצְלים בִּיָדוֹ וַדָּאי, כִּי ה' אַתּוּ.

When Joseph walked the valley of the shadow of death and was brought down to Egypt, the Shechinah was with him, as it is written, "And Hashem was with Joseph" (Beresheet 39:2). Because the Shechinah was with him, whatever he did in his hand prospered. If he had something in his hand, but his master asked for something else, what was in his hand would turn into that which his master wanted, as it is written, "And his master saw that Hashem was with him, and that Hashem made all that he did prosper in his hand" (Ibid. 3). Assuredly, it "did prosper in his hand," for Hashem was with him.

ַּתָּא חַזִי, וּיַדע אָדנָיו כִּי ה' אַתּו לָא כְתַיב, אָלָא וּיִרְא אָדנָיו, דְּהָא בְּעַינוֹי הָוָה חָמי, עוֹבָדָא דְנסּין בְּכָל יוֹמָא, דְּקוּדְשָׁא בְּרִיךְ הוּא עַביד בִּיִדִיהּ, וְעַל דָּא וַיְבָרֶךְ ה' אֶת בַּית הַמִּצְרִי בִּגְּלָל יוֹסף. קוּדְשָׁא בְּרִיךְ הוּא נַטיר לוֹן לְצִדִיקְיָא, וּבְגִינהוֹן נָטר לוֹן לְרִשִּׁיעַיָא, דְּהָא רַשִׁיעַיָא מתְבָּרְכין בְּגִינהוֹן דְצַדִּיקְיָא. כְּגָוונָא דָא, כְּתִיב וַיְבָרֶךְ ה' אֶת בִּית עוֹבִד אֲדוֹם הַגּתַי בַּעֲבוּר אָרוֹן הָאֵלקים.

Come and behold, it is not written, 'And his master knew that Hashem was with him,' but rather "And his master saw." THIS TEACHES US THAT he saw with his own eyes the miracles that the Holy One, blessed be He, performed by His hand. Therefore, "Hashem blessed the Egyptian house for Joseph's sake" (Beresheet 39:5). The Holy One, blessed be He, preserves the righteous. For their sakes, He also protects the wicked as they are blessed for the sake of the righteous. This is said in the verse, "Hashem has blessed the house of Oved Edom...because of the ark of Elohim" (II Shmuel 6:12).