Sepher ha Zohar – Beha'alot'cha - (8) "The Name of AYIN-BET (72) names"

42 הָא אֲבָהָן בְּבַּוּטְׂלָגִּיּן, בְּעוֹבָדִין, בְּלָשׂוּרִין דְבִוּתְלַשְׂוֹרִי דָּא בְּדָא. וְכַד בִּוּתְוֹדְרָן כַּוְזֶדָא, כֵּיֹת בַּואן דִיְקוּם קַבַּוּיְיהוּ. וְתָגֵינָן, בַּאֲתָר דַּאֲבָהָתָא אִשְׂהְכָּוזוּ, שְׂאַר צַּדִילַיָּיָא בִוּשְׂתַכְּוזֵי גַּבַיְיהוּ. וְעָל דָא שְׂבָא דָא סָלִיק לְסִטְרִין אַוְזֵרָגִין בִוּתְפָּרְשָׂן, אע״ג דְכַפְּהוּ נָפְהָין לְאָרְוזָא וזִד.

43 שִּׁבְעָה הָשׁוּרִין אִיגֿוּן, דְבִוּתְקַשְׂרֵי בְּהוּ גֹ׳ אֲבָהָן, וְד׳ אַוְזֵרָגִּין. רֵישָׂא וְאֶבְוּצָׁעִיׁתָא בְּהָשוּרָא וְזֵדָא. וְאַכֵּין אִיגֿוּן דְוזַפְרוּ בֵּירָא דְבַוּיָא. תִגְיָיגָא זֶה אֶל זֶה, וִאִיגֿוּן הָשוּרָא ווֵדָא, בִּתִלַת יוֹדִין.

44. הְלִיתָאָה, שְׂלִיבוּוּ דְכָל בְּוֹהֵיבְוֹנוּתָא. רְבִיעָאָה, הְרֵיזְ קַיָּיבִוּזְ, דְגֹּוּפָא קַיָּיבִוּזְ, דְגֹּוּפָא קַיָּיבוּזְ, שְׁבִיזְ הַיָּבוּזְ, דְגֹּוּפָא קַיָּיבוּזְ, דְבֹּוּשָׁ, גַּהְיָבוּא עָבַיְיהוּ. וְזַבּוּשָׁ, טַב וּבִישּׁ, גַּהְרָא דְגָפּיק אִילָגָא דְוֹזֵיֵי הַכוּוֹתָא, עָבוּיקָתָא דְכַפָּא. שְׂתִיתָאָה, הִיגָּא בְרַוְזַבֵּוּ. שְׂבִיעָאָה, וּבוּוֹתָא, עַבוּיקָתָא דְכַפָּא. שְׂתִיתָאָה, דִיגָּא בְרַוְזַבֵּוּ. שְׂבִיעָאָה, בְּקַרְבֵוּיתָא, וְבַגִּין דְאִיהוּ אַבְוּצָעִיתָא דְכַפָא, אָקְרֵי אָנִי קוּוּבִיא דְכָל עַנְּפִין הְכַפָּא, וּהְגִין הָמוּבוּא דְכָל עַנְּפִיןֹ הְכִּתִאַוֹדֶדָן בִוּפוּוֹן בִוּיהוּ

45. אָּבְעָה דֵּרְגִּין אָפֵין, מִדַרְגָּא וְזָדָא לְדַרְגָּא וְזָדָא, אִשְׂתְּכוּרְעָא רְתִיכָא וְזָדָא, בְּכָל אִיגּוּן דְבִוּתְאַוְזָדָאן בֵּיה. וְכֵן בִּוּדַרְגָּא לְדַרְגָּא אוּהָיבִגַּא בִוּכֵּי.

46 ת״וז, בְּשַּׁעֲׁתָא דְאַפֵּיוֹן דַרְגִּיוֹן מִשְׂתַכְווזי, כָּל מְוּהֵימְוּתָא אָשְׂתְכַוזֹ, וְאִפֵּין שִׁבְעָה עְׁנָגִין דְאַסְווֻרוּ לְהוּ לְיִשְׂרָאֵל. בג״כ כַּד נַטְלָא שְׂכִינְׁתָּא, בַּאֲבָהָתָא נַטְלָא. וְכַד אִפֵּין נַטְלִין, כַּלְהוּ דַרְגִּין אַווֻרָגִּין נַטְלִין בְּהוּ, וּכְהֵין אִתְעַשְׁרָת כ״י כַּדְּקָא יָאוּת.

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כהת	XOX	בכנ <u>י</u>	מהישי	עלם	סיט	درز	והו
הקם	הירי	מבה	יזכ	ההע	לאו	אקב	זּזֿי
רז דלר	מלה	ללל	נכר	פהל	לוו	כלי	לאו
ושר	לכב	אום	ן דינ	שאה	ירה	האא	גֿתה:
<b>יר</b> ף	רהע	וועם	<b>7</b> ÎN	בונֿד	כוק	כיייו	יוזו
מיה	עשיל	ערי	סאל	יכב	וול	בויכ	ההה
פוי	מבה	גֿית	NĴĴ	עמם	הווש	<u>רי</u> גֿי	าร์าา
בווזי	ענו	יופיב	ובובי	ב <i>ו</i> יצֿר	הרוו	יינ	<u> دُح</u> ره
בוום	היי	יבמ	ראה	וזבו	איע	در ټر	דמב

Sepher ha Zohar - Beha'alot'cha (8) The Name of AYIN-BET (72) names"

42. Behold the Patriarchs in their travels, in deeds to raise Female Waters, and in knots, that is, with unifications with which they connect that bind one to the other. In each name of these 72 names all Patriarchs are bound together, since they are the three Columns. When they join together, there is nobody who can stand up to them. We have learned that wherever the Patriarchs are, we also find with them the rest of the righteous, such as Moses, Aaron and Joseph. Therefore, this name of 72 goes in differently explained ways, although all explanations have a similar outcome.

43. There are seven knots in the 72 names and to every individual knot, the three Patriarchs - that are Chesed, Gvurah and Tiferet - are connected along with four others that the head of the 72 names, the three Sfirot, Chochmah, Binah and Da'at, that are referred to as 'head,' and the center within them, which is Malchut, are tied into one. For Chochmah and Binah are the ones that dug the water well, which is Malchut, as it is written: *"the well that the princes dug out"* (*Bemidbar 21:18*), who are Chochmah and Binah. Therefore, Chochmah, Binah, Da'at and Malchut are in one knot. The second connection is, *"the one...the other"* (*Shemot 14:20*), meaning the two columns of Chesed and Gvurah, about which is said, "The one came not near the other." They are one knot that starts with three Yud's.

44. The third Knot is Tiferet, which is the Central Column, and that is the total perfection of the whole Faith, for it bestows upon Malchut, that is referred to as '*Faith*,' and complements it. The fourth knot is two pillars upon which the body stands, which are Netzach and Hod, and are considered as Netzach. The fifth Knot is Hod, within which there is good and evil, a river that flows to the Tree of Life and Death, which is Malchut, since Hod bestows upon Malchut. It is the deepest of all, meaning that it contains more Judgments than any other Sfirah. The sixth, in which there is Judgment with Mercy. The seventh was mentioned in the beginning, in that head which we spoke of, since it is the center of everything, it is called '*Aleph-Nun-Yud*,' which supports all the branches that are united around it.

45. These seven steps are from one level to another leve. One Chariot is known in them for all the names that unite in it, and also from one level to another. All follow the level that is assigned to them. We have already explained these matters.

46. Come and behold: when all these steps are present, the total Faith is present. These are seven clouds that surrounded Yisrael. Therefore, when the Shechinah travels, she travels with the Patriarchs. When they travel, all other levels travel within them, and then the Congregation of Yisrael is adorned properly.

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